



DEEP
LEARNING
INSTITUTE

GTC 2017 オートモーティブ最新情報

室河 徹
ソリューション アーキテクト (オートモーティブ)
NVIDIA



SJCC ENTRANCE



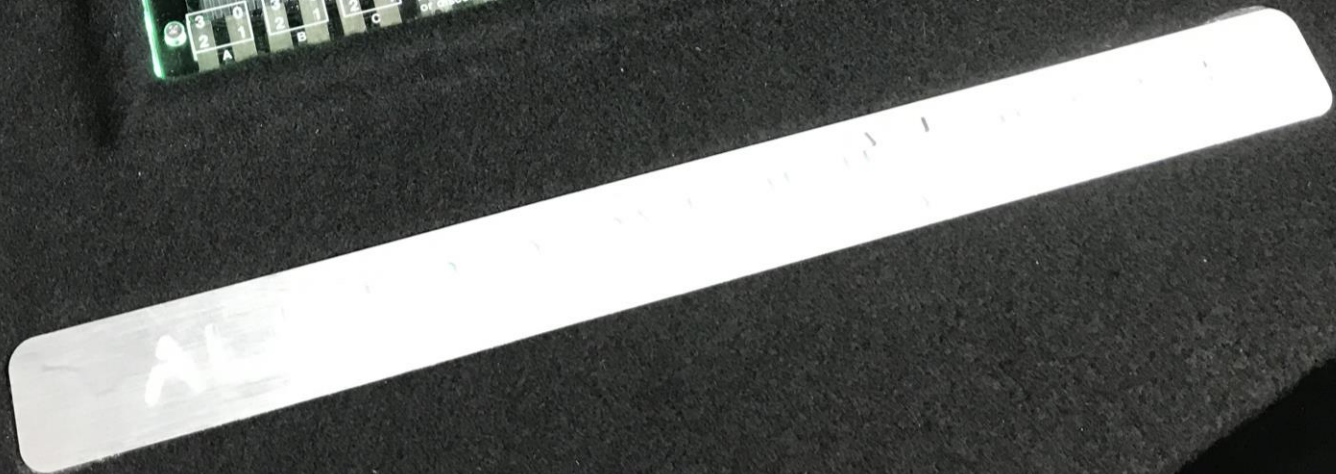
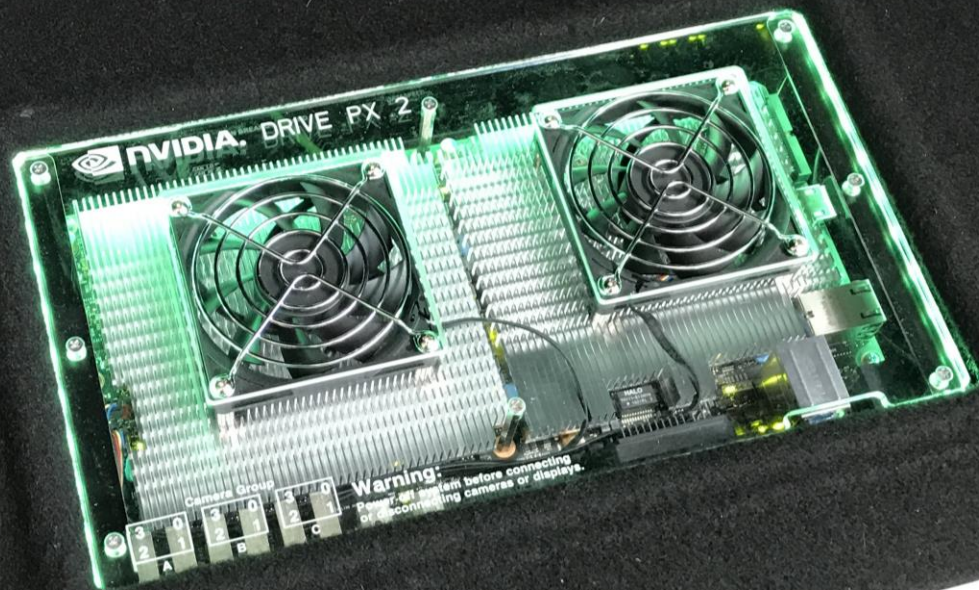














NVIDIA BOOTH @ EXHIBITION HALL



Video BB8 Lombard



Video PACCAR





AI POLICE CAR OF THE FUTURE

SOLUTIONS FOR SAFER, SMARTER AI CITIES

Real-time pedestrian and vehicle activity tracking

Automotive Talks @ room 210D

DRIVEWORKS

Dennis Lui, Miguel Sainz, Gaurav Agarwal

8th May 2017



DRIVEWORKS – SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT KIT (SDK)

USE CASES

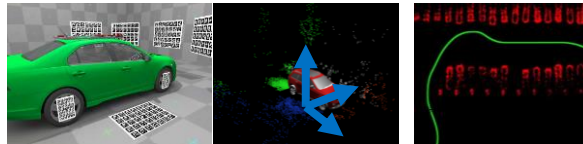
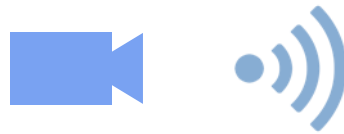


Autonomous Driving



Data Acquisition

APIs (> 450 AND GROWING)



DESIGN PHILOSOPHY

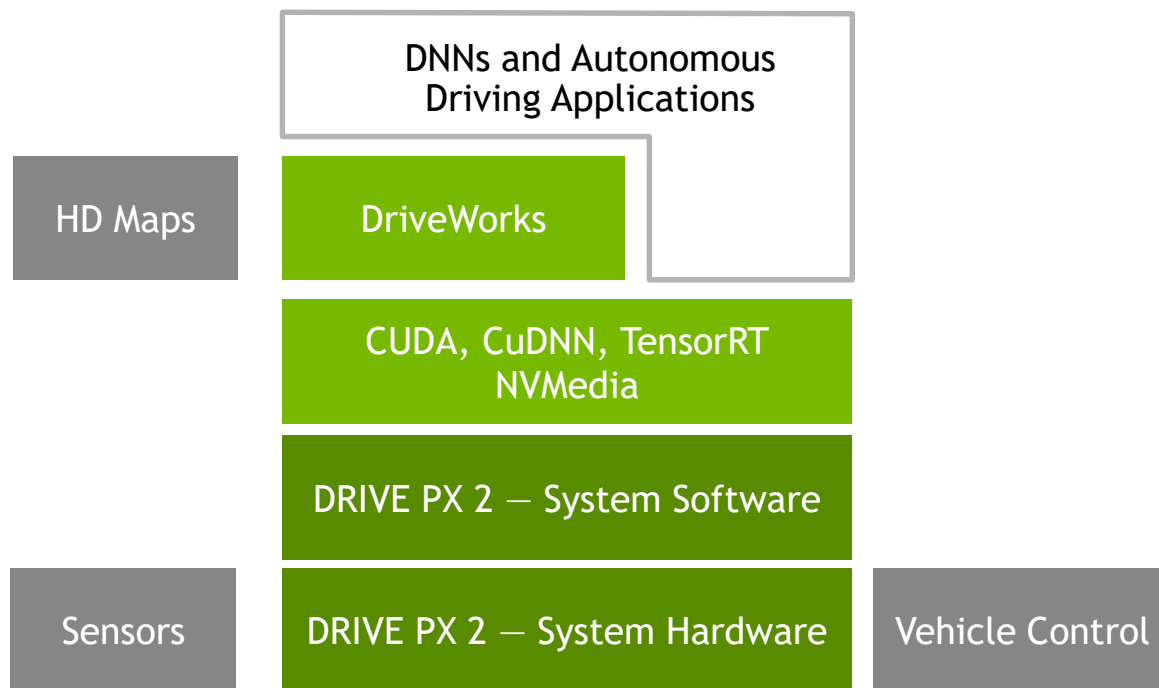
Modular

Scalable

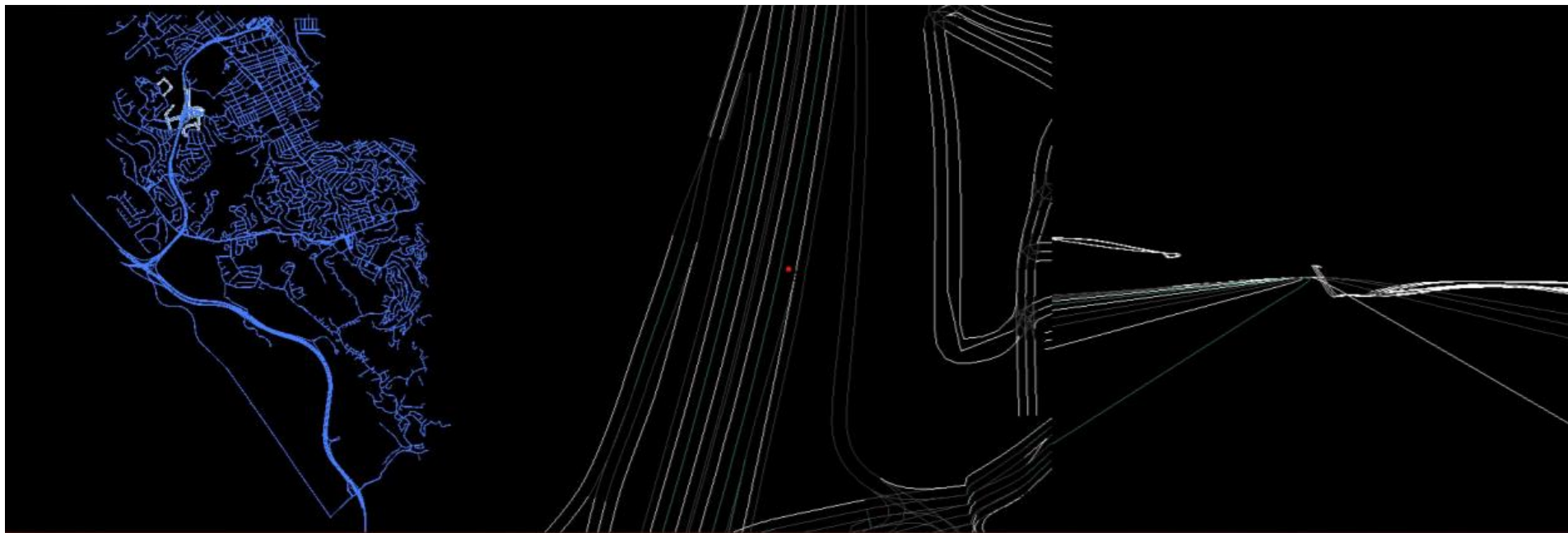
Optimized for GPU

Rapid prototyping
& production

DRIVE PLATFORM WITH DRIVEWORKS



HD MAP API



MAP OVERVIEW

Overview of complete
map data

TOP VIEW

Top view of the
current location

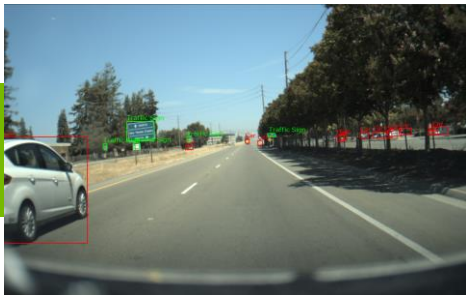
GPS PATH

Car driving along the
GPS path

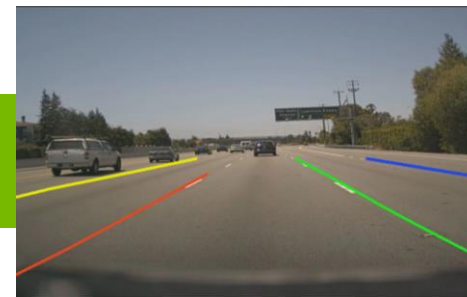
PERCEPTION DNN SAMPLES

Deep Neural Networks

DriveNet

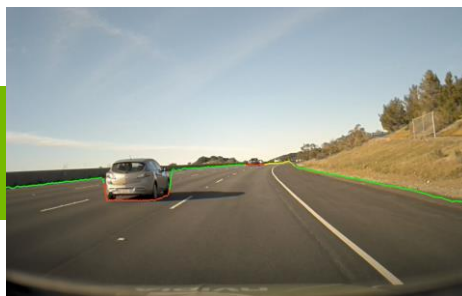


LaneNet



Lane Detection

OpenRoadNet



Freespace Detection

Multi-class detection: Cars, Trucks, Pedestrian,
Bicycles/Motorcycles, Traffic Signs*

Video: Multi-class Object Detector

Video: Lane Detector

Video: Free-space Detector

Video DNN on DPX2



Enabling the Future of Transportation

BUILDING AN L4 AUTONOMOUS DRIVING R&D PLATFORM

“Drive-PX2 on Wheels”

Wolfgang Juchmann, Ph. D.
VP of Business Development



Supplier of components and services that enable autonomy



Video: DRIVE PX2 On Wheels

Step 2: Perception Kits

“Drive PX2 on Wheels”

- **Vision - 11 cameras**
 - 2x front camera (Sekonix): 120 FOV medium + 60 FOV long range
 - 1x 60 FOV rear long range
 - 2x 120 FOV blind spot cameras
 - 2x 120 FOV forward facing for Lane keeping (Training)
 - 2x 60 FOV Long range Cross Traffic cameras
 - 2x 120 FOV side facing for Turn
- **Radar configuration:**
 - 6x long range (Continental)
- **Lidars configuration:**
 - 1x Front bumper (Lux 4L)
 - 2x Roof mounted (Velodyne VLP)
- **Inertial navigation:**
 - Novatel SPAN IGM-A1
 - XSENS Mti-G710



source: nvidia

Pre-configured by AutonomouStuff





Design your autonomous vehicle applications with NVIDIA DriveWorks components on RTMaps



Nicolas du Lac
CEO, Intempora



Features



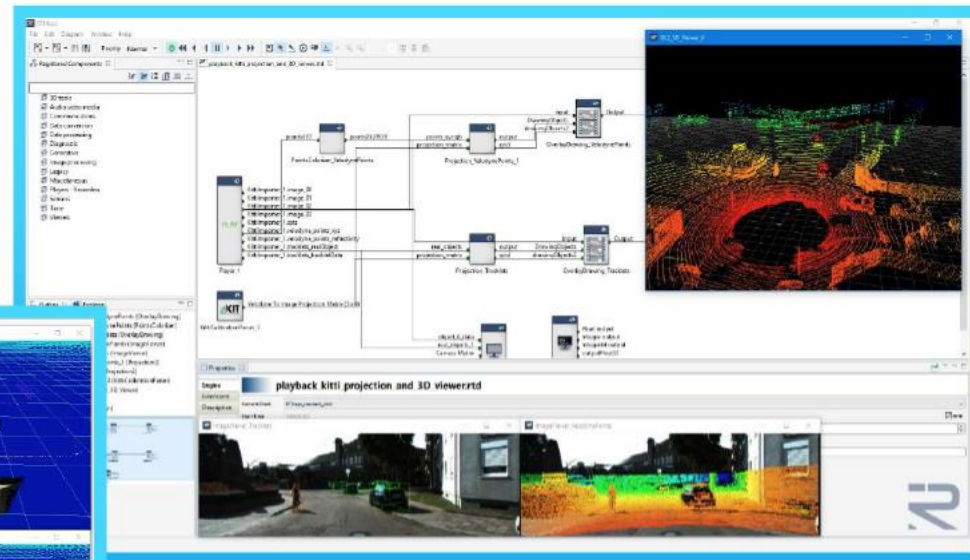
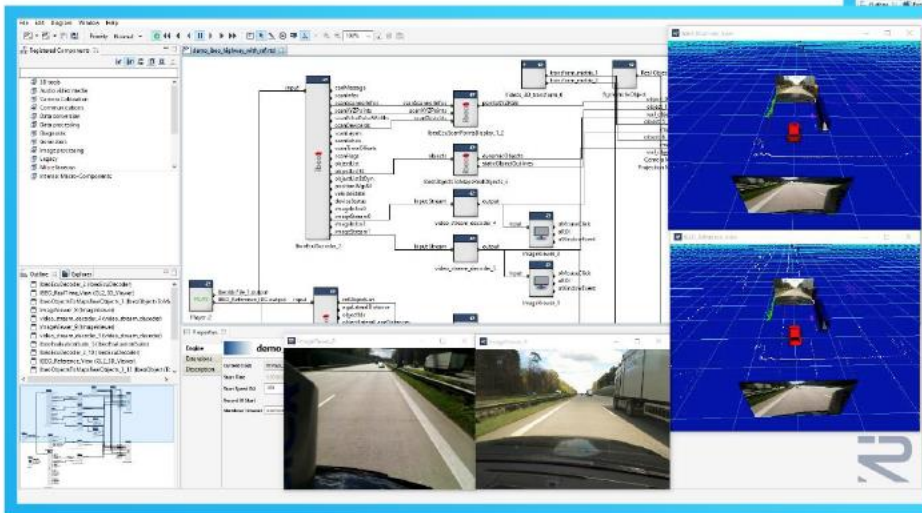
Graphical interface



Large library of off-the-shelf components



Record / Playback



Optimized (multithread, pre-allocated buffers, copyless)



Preserves time coherency

RTMaps & NVIDIA DriveWorks

NVIDIA DriveWorks Components (C++ / CUDA)



RTMaps

NVIDIA DRIVE PX 2

DriveNet



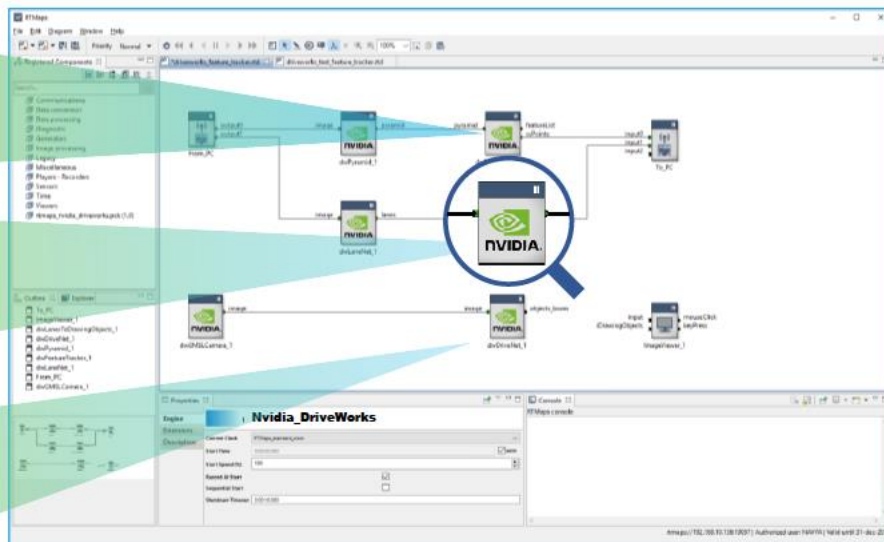
LaneNet



Feature Tracker



etc...



* Easily deploy on target with RTMaps Remote Studio (SSL)

Video: RTMaps Demo





Highly Efficient HD Map Creation: Accelerating Mapping Process with GPUs

Maps to the Future

May 10, 2017
ZENRIN Co.,Ltd.

Massive volume of data!

→ **Maximum Approx. 1TB of data per car per day**

High Resolution 2D Image
>30M pixel



Dense Point Cloud Data
>700,000 points/sec



Other Sensor Data



Mapping Japan is an extraordinary task...



Road Length: **1,218,772 km**



Traffic Signals: **207,000 units**



Traffic Signs : **9,790,000 units**

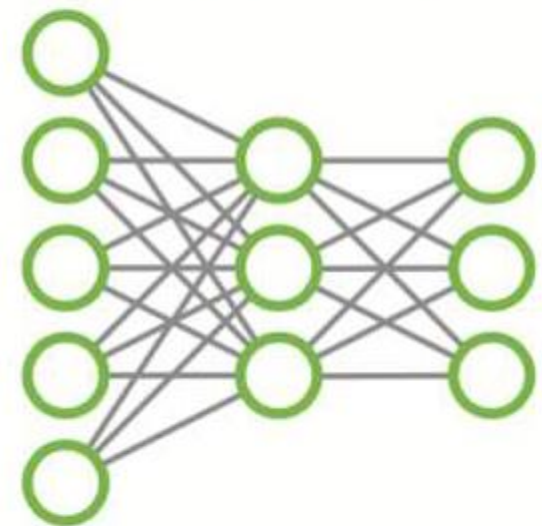
Ref. WHITE PAPER ON TRAFFIC SAFETY IN JAPAN 2016, Cabinet Office

How?

GPU



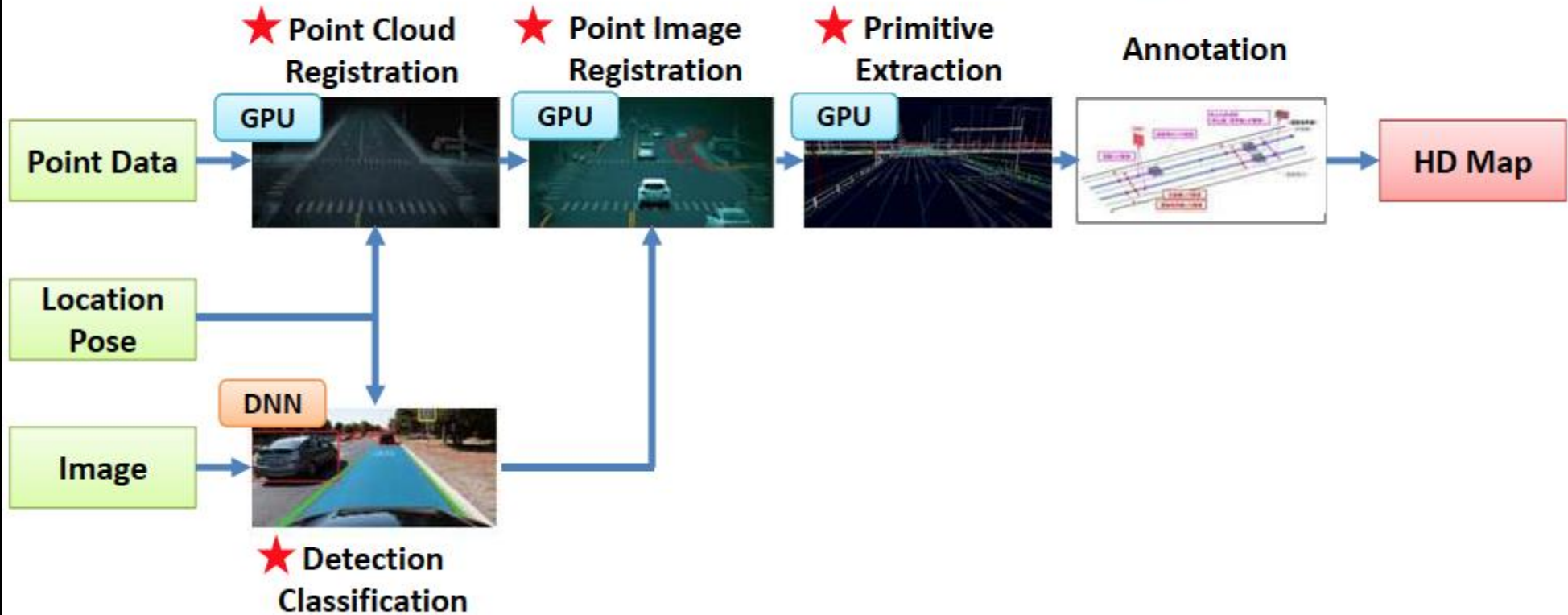
AI (DNN)



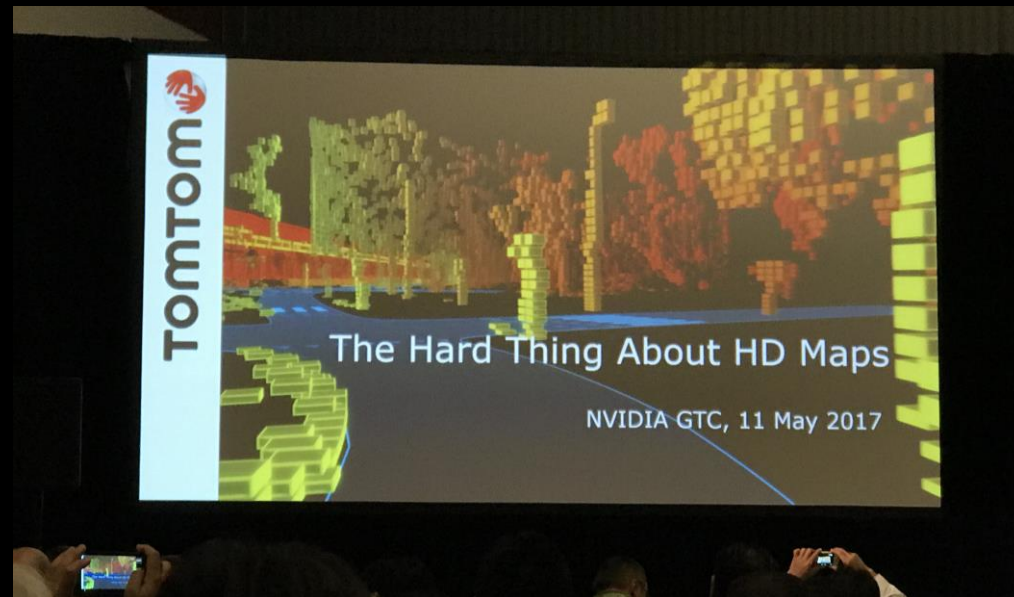
***DNN: Deep Neural Network**

Concept of the new HD map creation pipeline

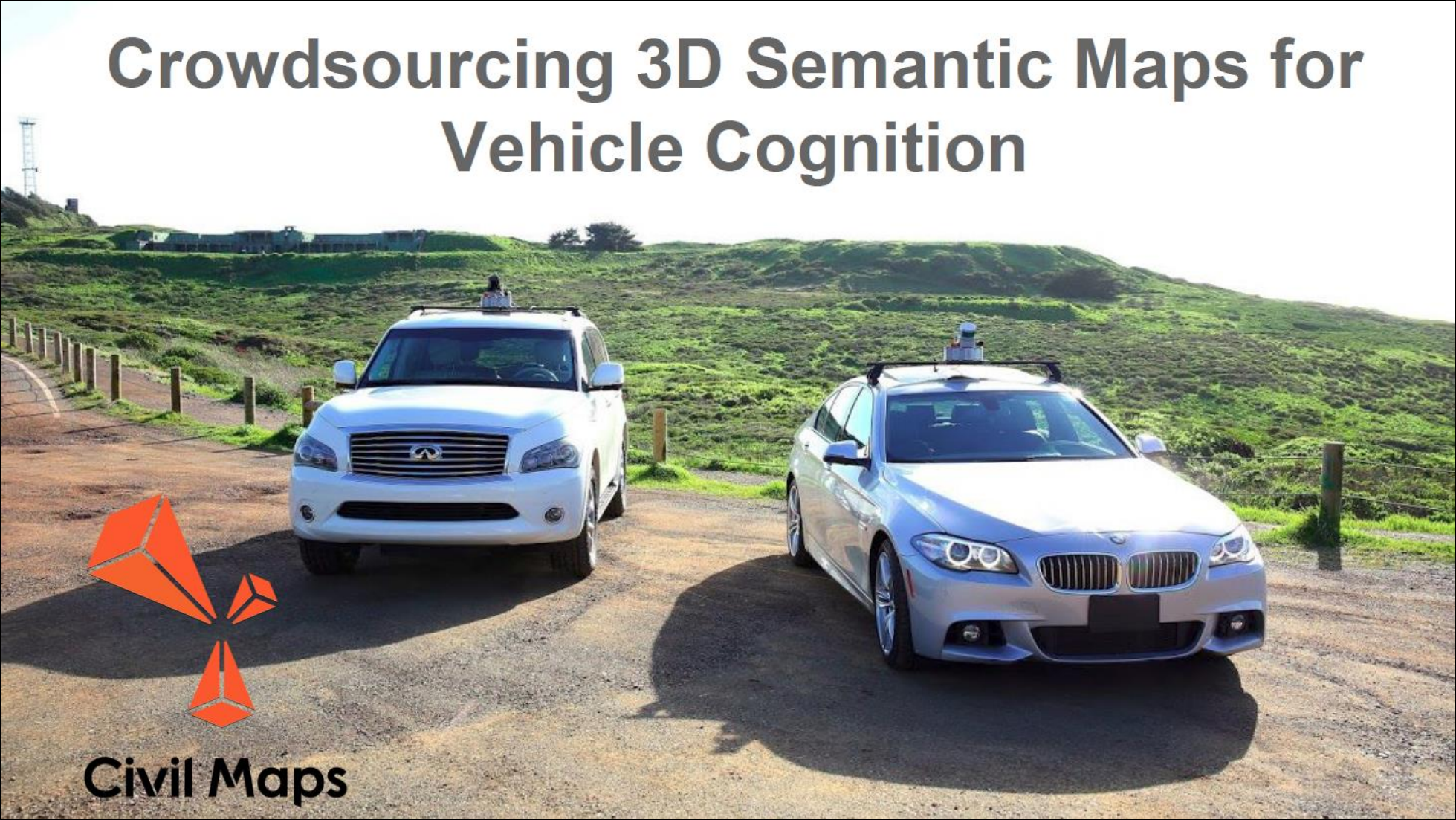
★: MapWorks Modules







Crowdsourcing 3D Semantic Maps for Vehicle Cognition



Civil Maps

DNA for Automated Driving

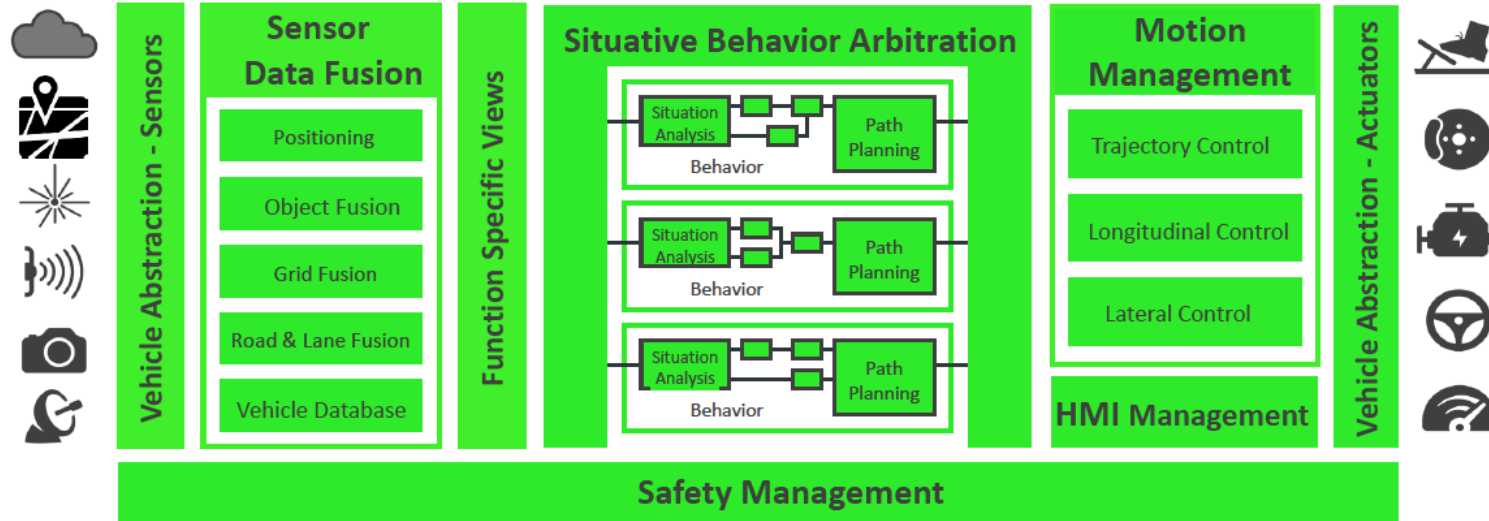
Jeremy Dahan
May 8th, 2017



Elektrobit

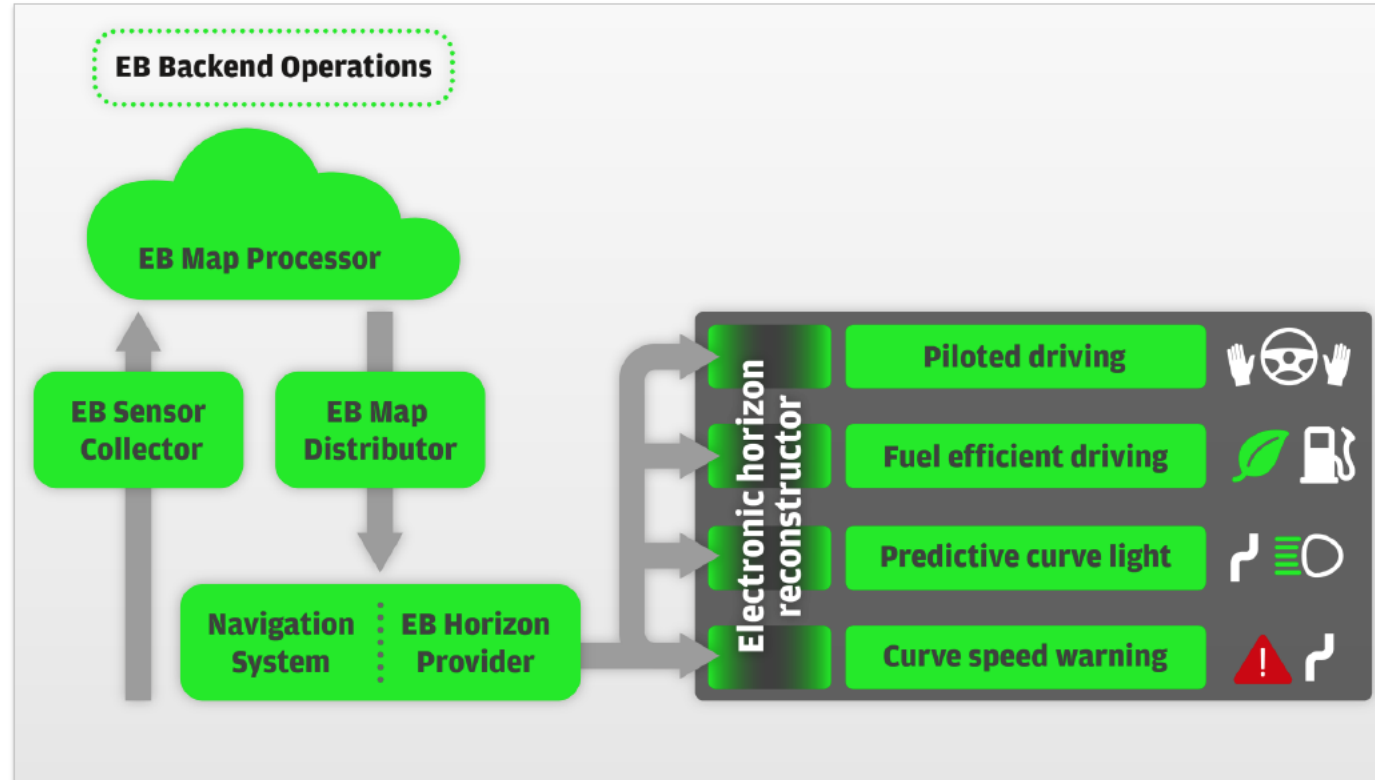


Software Framework for ADAS and Automated Driving



<p>Interfaces for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interoceptive sensors – wheel ticks, steering angle, accelerometers / gyros • „Smart“ environment sensors – point clouds, object lists • ADASISv2/3 for map, SENSORIS for cloud 	<p>Integrated safety concept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System health monitoring and diagnosis • Safe-state triggering • Options for redundant environment model and functions (e.g. minimal risk 	<p>Interfaces for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kinematic vehicle components • Instrument cluster • Infotainment display <p>www.open-robinos.com</p>
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Maps boost ADAS and Automated Driving



S7348: Deep Learning in Ford's Autonomous Vehicles

Bryan Goodman

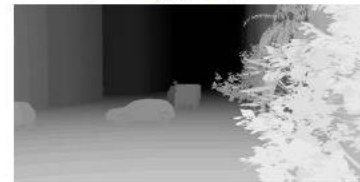
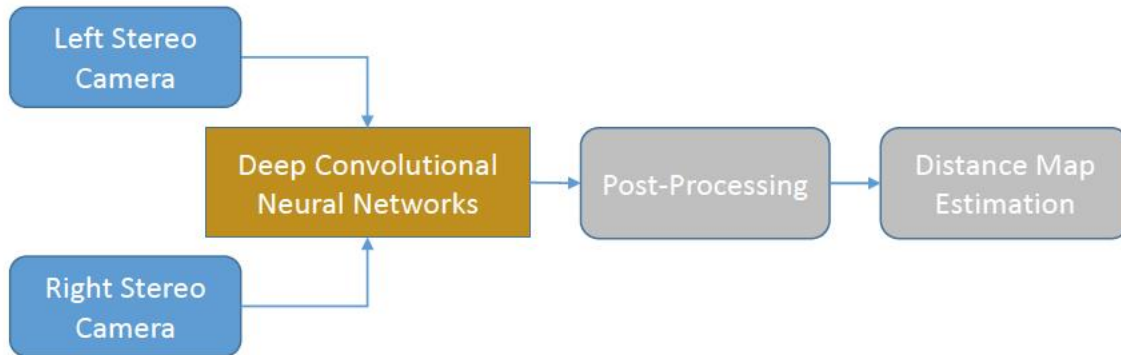
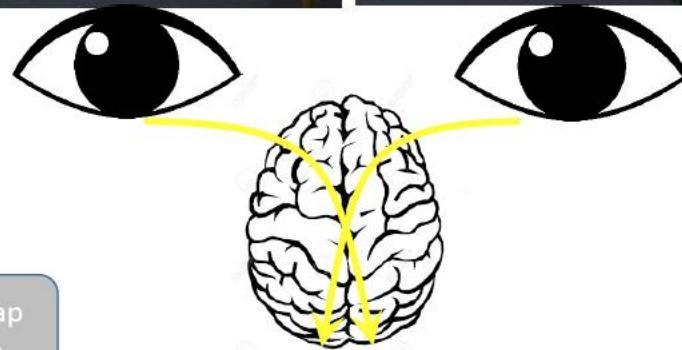
Argo AI

9 May 2017



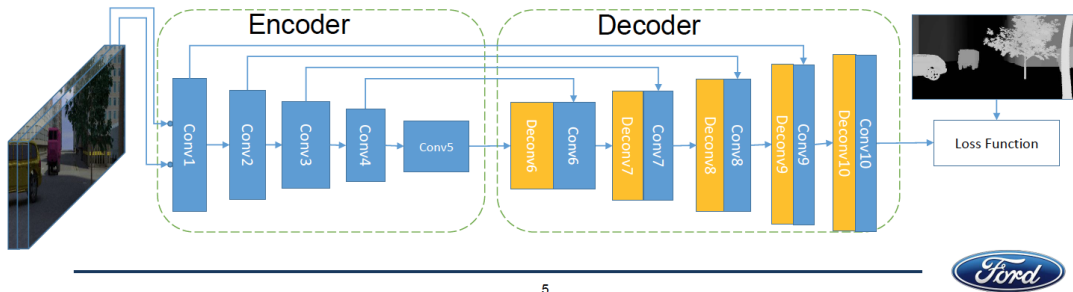
Deep neural networks for stereo matching

- The brain can estimate the distance of an object using the visual information from two eyes.
- We can use deep neural networks



Proposed deep convolutional neural network

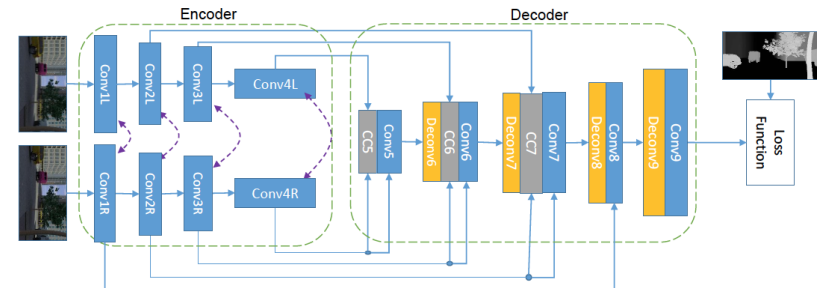
- AV driving requires an **intelligent distance map estimation**, which filters out the objects not of interest.
- Network I
 - General network
 - Encoding and decoding layers
 - Retain objects of interest in the training data sets



5

Proposed deep convolutional neural network II

- Specialized network
- Encoding and decoding layers
- The cross correlation layers force the network to look for correspondence on the epipolar line
- The weights in the encoding layers are shared

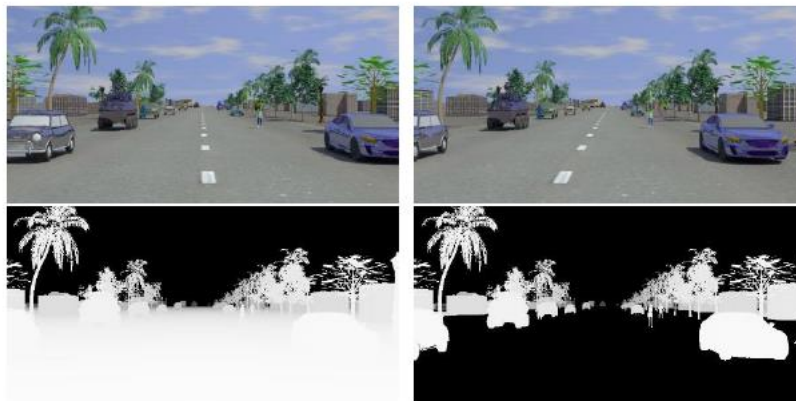


6

Performance on synthetic and real stereo data

- Synthetic data generation

- Generate 14,000 pairs of RGB stereo images
- Synthetic distance maps are only generated for the objects of interest, e.g. cars or pedestrians
- Gaussian noise added to the stereo images



Performance on synthetic and real stereo data

- Fine tuning with LIDAR data sets
 - Project LIDAR point clouds onto the camera images
 - The baseline and optic axes are not the same as the synthetic data



Left camera

Right camera

Network I

Network II



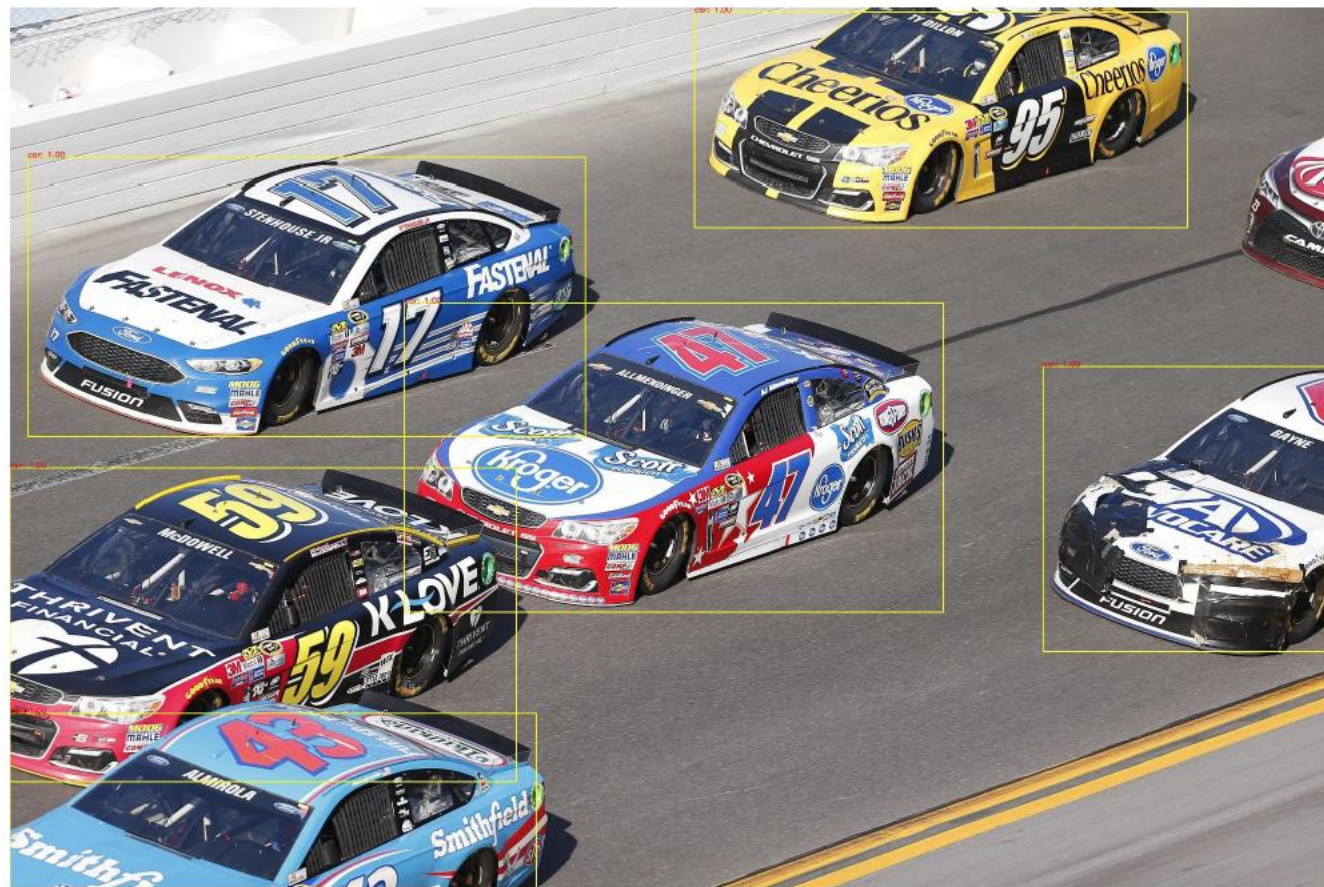
Classifying NASCAR images



The Ford team reviews pictures during the race



Results – Boxing the Cars



Classifying NASCAR images

Next –
determine car
number:
labeled ~30k
images

Batch #523 : image 50 of 50
Hit ENTER to save # and move to next



Go to: [prev image](#) [next image](#) [first unlabelled image](#) [Home](#)


How to label:
See [Help](#) for more information.


if the car number is visible, type the number into the box

 [label=83]

if the car number not easily readable, type x into the box

 [label=x]

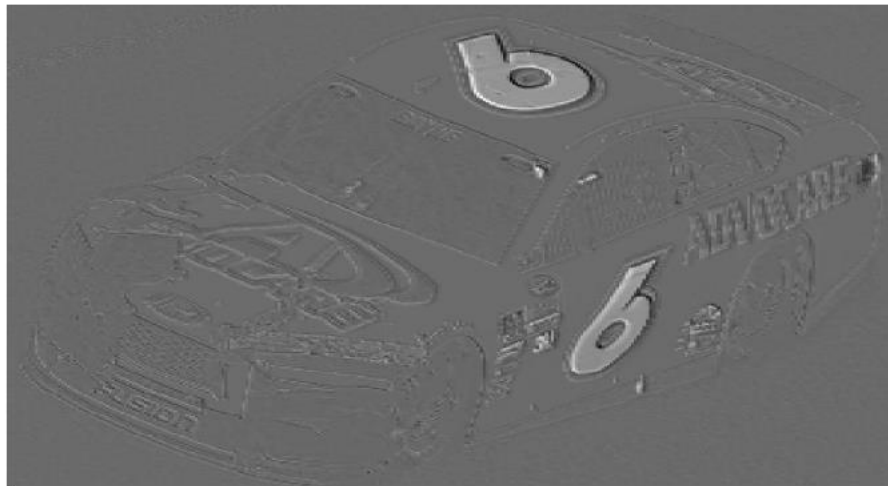
if there is more than one car in the image, label the primary car

 [label=44]

if you cannot easily determine which car is the primary car, use label of x

 [label=x]



Inspecting the Neural Network

Activated Filter



Input Image



The Model is not a black box. We can see that it is detecting the numbers – important for robustness when the paint changes





Edge-AI for Intelligent User Experience

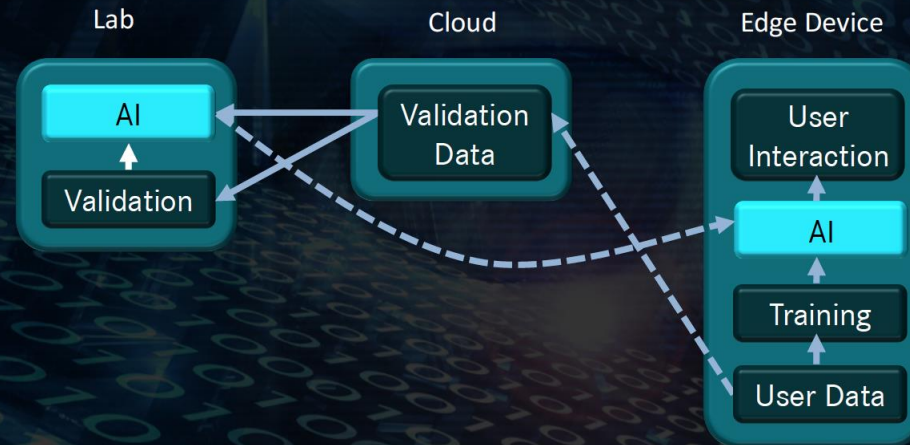
Kal Mos

VP, Mercedes-Benz R&D NA

Cloud AI



Edge AI



- Having model uncertainty is important for instant decision making in the Edge

- Getting model uncertainty estimates in deep systems can be based on Monte Carlo sampling methods using dropout

- Doing this with parallelization works well on a GPU.



GTC 2017

AUTOMATED TRUCK DRIVING AND PLATOONING WITH DRIVE PX 2

San Jose, 9th May 2017

Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Devid Will, M.Sc., Dipl.-Ing. Jens Kotte

Forschungsgesellschaft Kraftfahrwesen mbH Aachen

Motivation

Truck related efficiency topics (focus EU)



Energy Efficiency



Source: dieterblasl

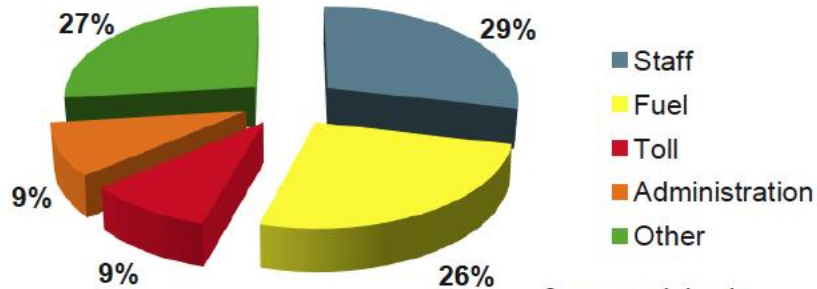
Traffic Efficiency



Source: t-online.de

Average Portions of Costs in 2013 (Germany)

Cost Efficiency



Source: www.bgl-ev.de

Staff Efficiency



Source: stuttgarter-zeitung.de

Technology transfer passenger vehicle to truck

Examples for challenges



Dimension Variations



Source:mercedes-benz.co.uk

Configuration Variations

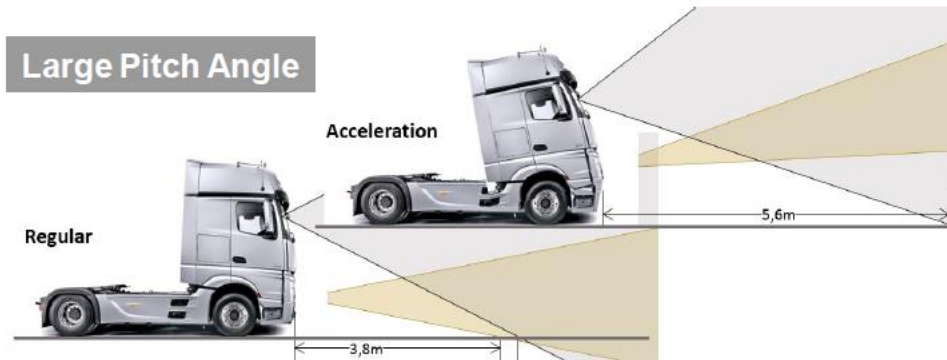


Source:fahrzeuwbilder.de



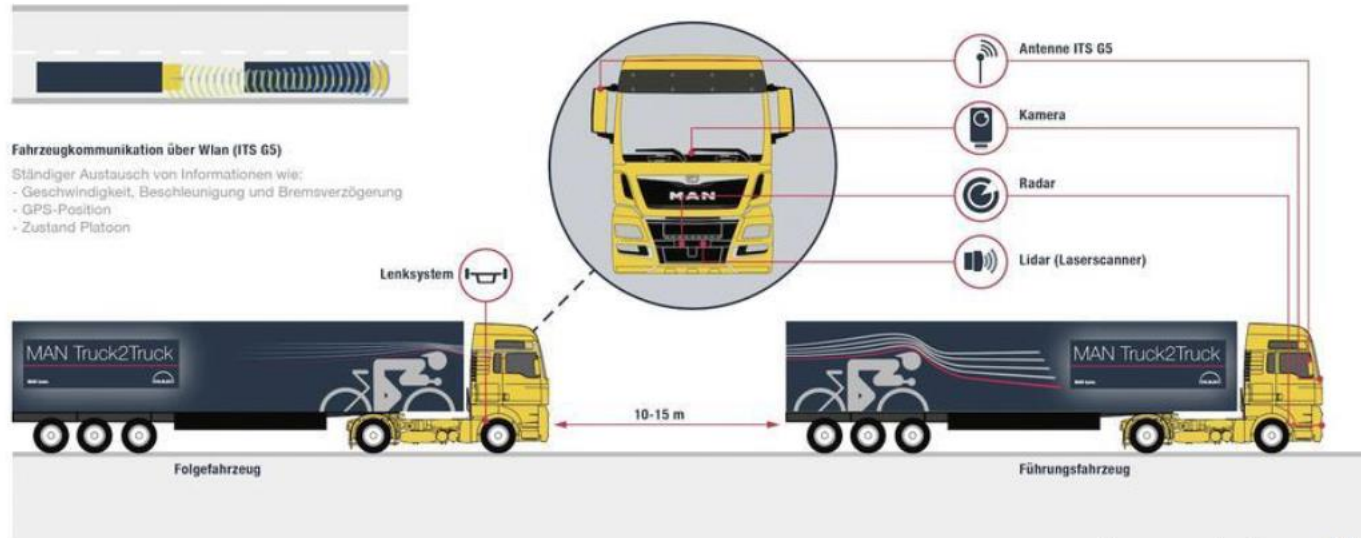
Source:beschriftungcenter-fuechsl.de

Large Pitch Angle



Platooning

Overview & goals of platooning system



Source: man-truckers-world.de

Goals

- Improvement of **safety** due to longitudinal and lateral guidance
- **Relieve and support** for professional drivers
- Improved **road space**
- Optimization of **traffic flow**
- Reduction of **fuel consumption** due to slipstream driving

NVIDIA LaneNet

Running on Drive PX 2 with parameter extraction



The screenshot displays the NVIDIA LaneNet interface. On the left, a vertical toolbar contains icons for settings, a dashboard, a help icon, a question mark, a minus sign, and a USB symbol. The main window shows a first-person view of a road with a blue car on the left and lane markings. A green line highlights the right lane. A terminal window on the right shows coordinate data for various points on the road. A white text box in the bottom center contains the text: "To open the dashboard at any time, click the dashboard icon in the title bar at the top of your desktop." Below this, it says "do not show at login".

```
17.053) <-> World(-2065.89;6533.24;0);
54.947) <-> World(-2094.99;6003.24;0);
92.842) <-> World(-2112.81;5551.99;0);
) <-> World(-2122.39;4555.38;0);
.8 + (x^1)*48.092 + (x^2)*0.00540433
-----
51.789) <-> World(1999.82;16901.2;0);
89.684) <-> World(1894.97;13791.8;0);
27.579) <-> World(1866.02;11645.4;0);
65.474) <-> World(1840.85;10074.6;0);
03.368) <-> World(1824.59;8875.24;0);
41.263) <-> World(1812.17;7929.49;0);
79.158) <-> World(1794.88;7164.61;0);
17.053) <-> World(1779.7;6533.24;0);
54.947) <-> World(1756.17;6003.24;0);
92.842) <-> World(1740.92;5551.99;0);
150.11) <-> World(1696.16;4227.05;0);
0.7 + (x^1)*0.710699 + (x^2)*0.0121876
-----
51.789) <-> World(-1674.77;16901.2;0);
89.684) <-> World(-1801.71;13791.8;0);
27.579) <-> World(-1869.53;11645.4;0);
65.474) <-> World(-1927.1;10074.6;0);
03.368) <-> World(-1998.84;8875.24;0);
.263) <-> World(-2005.57;7929.49;0);
79.158) <-> World(-2046.93;7164.61;0);
17.053) <-> World(-2073.63;6533.24;0);
--Image(221.007;954.947) <-> World(-2098.13;6003.24;0);
--Image(162.936;992.842) <-> World(-2109.74;5551.99;0);
--Image(0;1102.74) <-> World(-2122.39;4555.38;0);
y = + (x^0)*53911.1 + (x^1)*18.6877 + (x^2)*-0.00203929
-----
--Next Right
--Image(1123.99;651.789) <-> World(1999.92;16901.2;0);
--Image(1160.37;689.684) <-> World(1892.3;13791.8;0);
--Image(1204.37;727.579) <-> World(1863.77;11645.4;0);
--Image(1247.99;765.474) <-> World(1840.9;10074.6;0);
--Image(1291.93;803.368) <-> World(1824.92;8875.24;0);
--Image(1335.92;841.263) <-> World(1812.51;7929.49;0);
--Image(1376.93;879.158) <-> World(1791.43;7164.61;0);
--Image(1419.81;917.053) <-> World(1780.36;6533.24;0);
--Image(1456.95;954.947) <-> World(1753.2;6003.24;0);
--Image(1496.93;992.842) <-> World(1738.24;5551.99;0);
--Image(1662.83;1150.11) <-> World(1694.32;4227.05;0);
u = + (x^0)*-31183.6 + (x^1)*-0.584709 + (x^2)*0.0124551
```

Motion Planning for Assisted and Highly Automated Cars/Trucks

Trajectory Planning

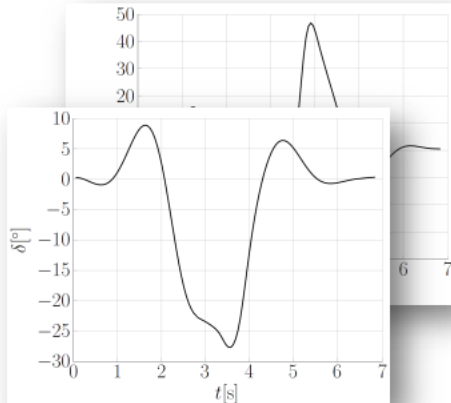


Simplification of the trajectory planning problem

- Find a suitable **control function**, i.e. a steering and speed profile, which
 - guides the vehicle in a **safe** and **comfortable** manner through the environment
 - respecting** vehicle's and environmental **constraints**, e.g. max steering angle, collision avoidance, vehicle tilting limit, road friction



Control Function



Vehicle Model & Rating

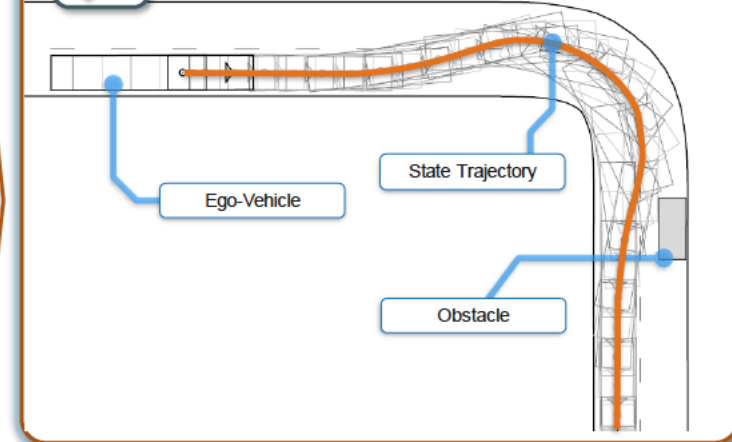
$$\dot{\psi}_V = \frac{v_V}{l_T} \left[\sin(\Delta\psi) - l_{VTB} \cos(\Delta\psi) \frac{\tan(\delta)}{l_V} \right]$$

$$v_T := v_V \left[\cos(\Delta\psi) + l_{VTB} \sin(\Delta\psi) \frac{\tan(\delta)}{l_V} \right]$$

$$I = \int_{t_0}^{t_f} \alpha_a \dot{\delta}^2 + \alpha_\psi \dot{\psi}^2 + \alpha_{\Delta\psi} \Delta\psi^2 + \alpha_v \Delta v^2 + \alpha_\psi \Delta\psi^2 + \alpha_v \dot{v}^2 dt$$



Drivable Trajectory





TOWARDS SCENE UNDERSTANDING UNDER CHALLENGING ILLUMINATION CONDITIONS FOR ADAS

SRINIVAS K S S, PRATYUSH SAHAY, RAJESH BISWAL

NVIDIA GPU TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE (GTC) 2017



INTRODUCTION



- Fatality rate per mile of travel is **three times higher in night-time** compared to day

Almost half of all road traffic deaths are among 'pedestrians, cyclists and motorcyclists'.



- Driver Assist systems using thermal vision

Source: WHO

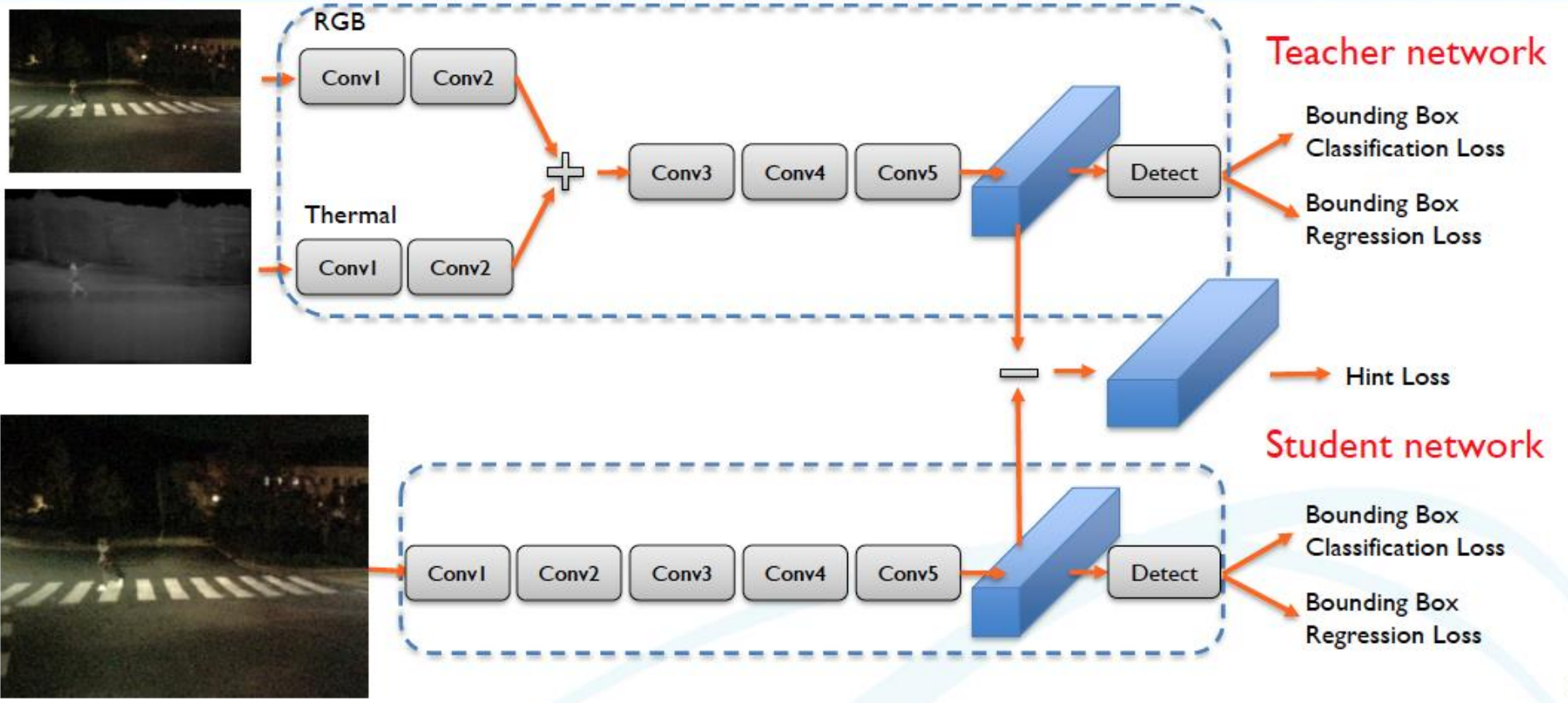


- **Range (200-300m)**
- **\$\$\$**
- **Available in luxury segment - ~14%**
- **Less effective in warmer temperatures**

Can we provide an affordable Night Vision System for most car segments?

MULTIMODAL KNOWLEDGE DISTILLATION

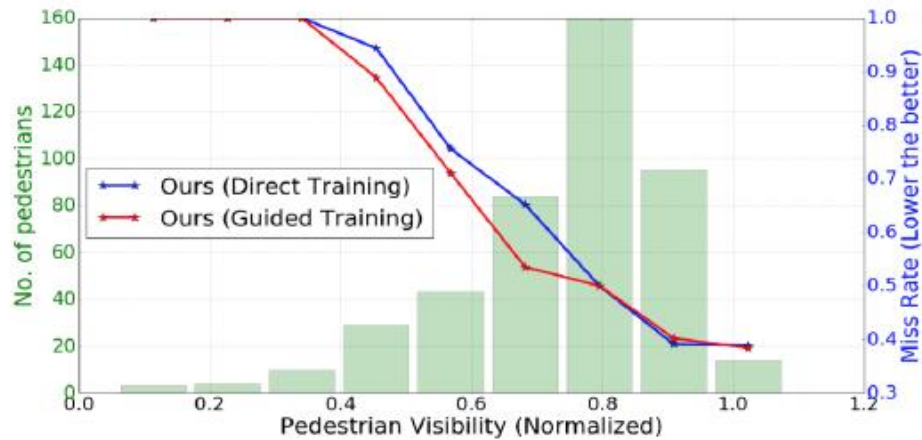
TEACHER-STUDENT LEARNING



RESULTS ANALYSIS

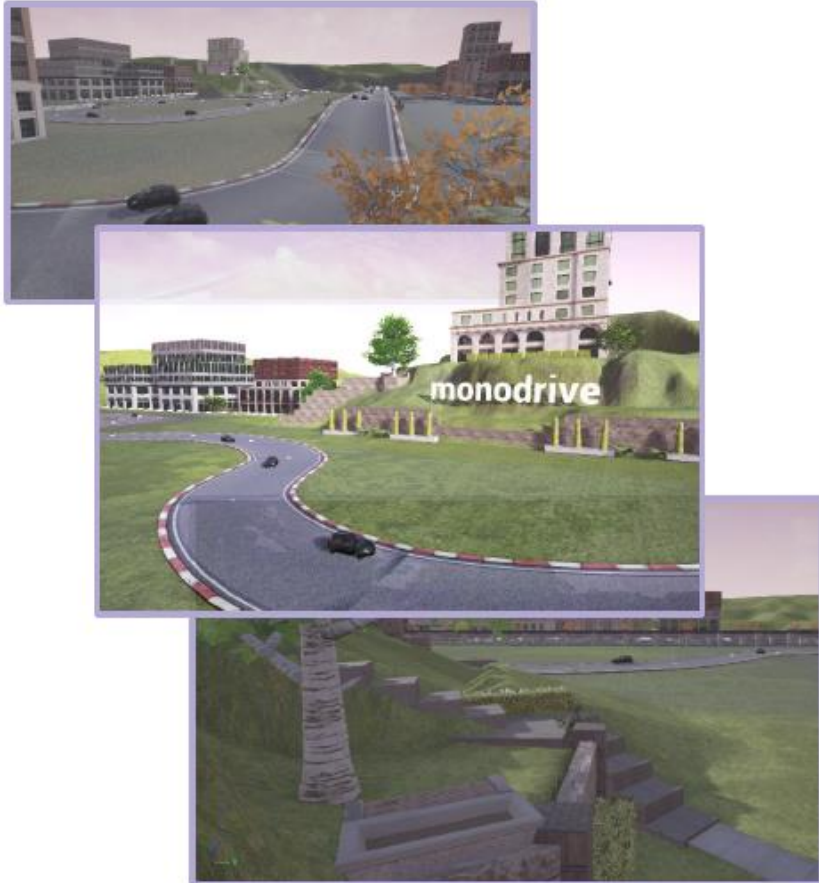


Visibility based Detection Performance



monoDrivetm

Autonomous driving made safe

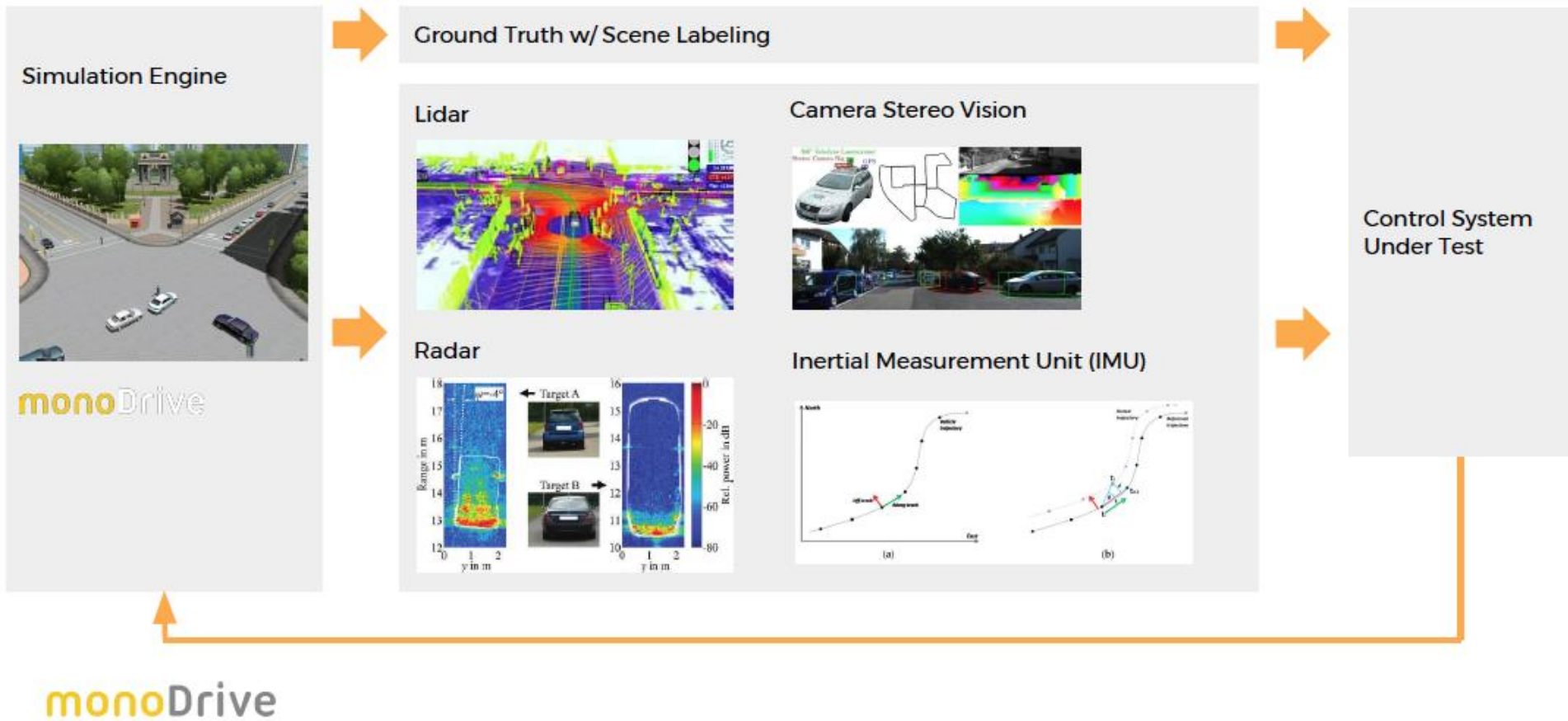


monoDrive

Solution

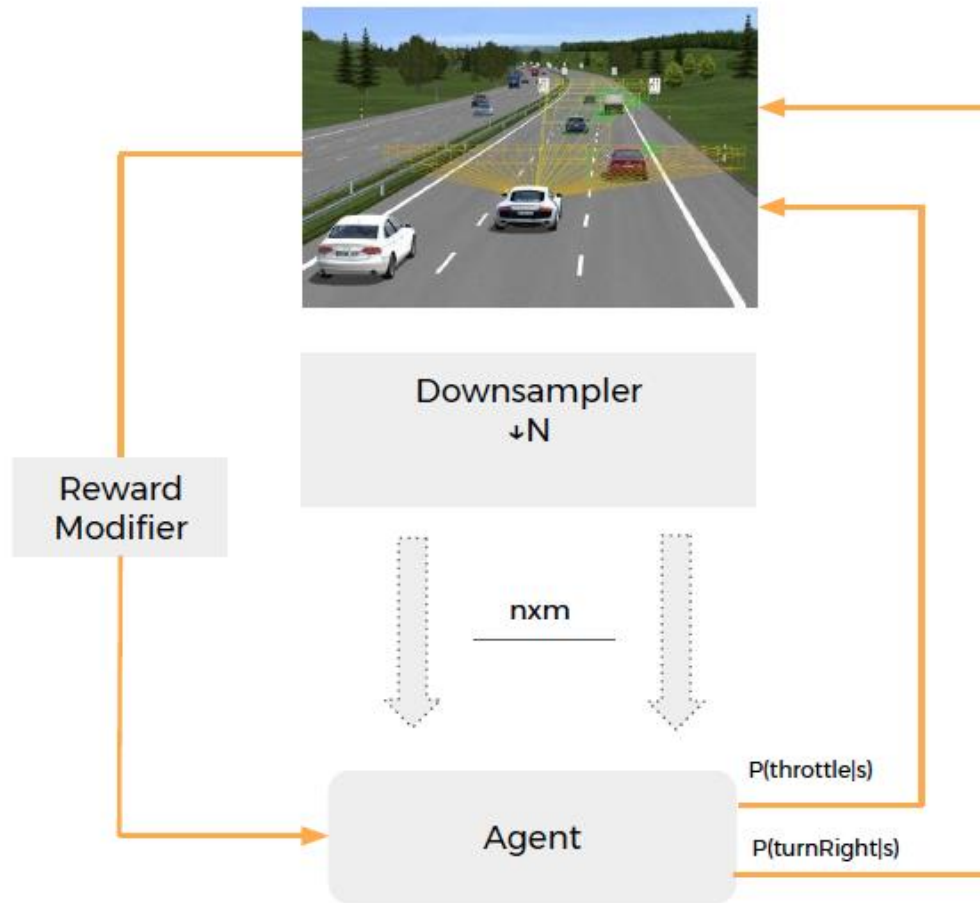
- Automate scenario test generation for planning testing
- Deep learning system for automated scenario modification and re-generation.
- Leverages existing gaming systems to enable multiphysics simulation
- Generation of realistic Lidar, Radar, Camera, and IMU sensor information for perceptions system testing
- Enable automated vehicle control performance metrics
- Fast error case regeneration, with derivative regeneration

Testing Perception and Planning



Reinforcement Learning

- Simulator Interface
 - Socket-based
 - Python, C++
 - Single simulator instance
- Per Agent Reward Modifiers
 - Library of reward modifiers
- Agent Hyperparameters
 - Continuous action space
 - Multiple concurrent agents
- Downsampling
 - Full resolution -> 80x80
 - Top down view or perspective



Digital Driving License

Jorrit Kuipers

CEO robot**TUNER**

researcher Delft Technical University







TWT GmbH
Science & Innovation

GTC | May 10, 2017

**TRONIS® : The Virtual Environment Towards
Prototyping and Testing Autonomous Driving**

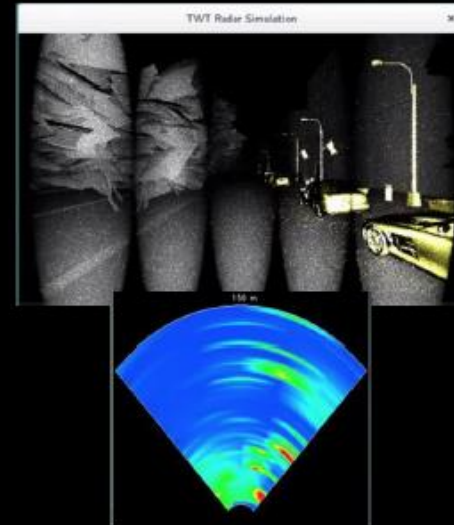
Dr. Karl Kufieta
Dr. Michael Keckeisen

TWT GmbH
Science & Innovation

info@twt-gmbh.de
www.twt-gmbh.de



TWT Tronis[®] Sensors



How to Become a Self-Driving Car Engineer

DAVID SILVER



Nanodegree Program

Term 1



Introduction



Deep Learning

 **nVIDIA.** **UBER ATG**



Computer Vision

Nanodegree Program

Term 2



Sensor Fusion

 Mercedes-Benz



Localization

 Mercedes-Benz



Control

UBER ATG

Nanodegree Program

Term 3



Path Planning

 Mercedes-Benz



 **nVIDIA.** **Advanced Deep Learning**



 **Functional Safety**



System Integration

 **nVIDIA.**

S7105 - ADAS/AD CHALLENGES: GPU SCHEDULING & SYNCHRONIZATION

Venugopala Madumbu, NVIDIA

GTC 2017 - 210D



FUNCTIONAL SAFETY AND THE GPU

Richard Bramley, 5/11/2017





nvidia.

DEEP
LEARNING
INSTITUTE

www.nvidia.com/dli